

# Birkan Saves the World

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**Time Limit:** 2.0s    **Memory Limit:** 256M

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HELP, the end is approaching! Tak-o is trying to destroy the world. He has built 2 main bases, some middle towers to control specific areas and bridges between towers to send his troops around. Our superhero Birkan has an idea. If we can disconnect the 2 main bases by destroying towers and bridges, we will be able to stop Tak-o. Destroying towers and bridges have a cost. Help Birkan with computing the minimum cost of disconnecting Tak-o's bases to save our world.

- There is only one bridge between two towers, there are also bridges between bases and towers.
- We cannot destroy the bases yet.
- Note that some towers may be isolated and some paths may be dead-ends.

## Input

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- First line of input contains two integers  $\mathbf{T}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$ , representing the number of towers+bases ( $\mathbf{T}$ ) and the number of bridges ( $\mathbf{B}$ ).
- Following  $\mathbf{T} - 2$  lines, one per tower, contain the information below, separated by spaces: An integer  $i$ , the identifier of the tower. The first base has id 1 and that the second has id  $\mathbf{T}$ . Another integer  $t$ , specifying the cost of destroying the tower.
- Then the remaining  $\mathbf{B}$  lines, one per bridge, contain the following information separated by spaces: Two integers  $x$  and  $y$  specifying the identifiers of the towers linked by the bridge. Remember that the bridge is bidirectional. An integer  $z$  specifying the cost of destroying the bridge.
- The last line of the input will be '0 0'.

## Output

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For each test case, print a line with the minimum cost of interrupting the communication between the two bases. Print 0 if the bases are not connected.

## Constraints

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- $2 \leq \mathbf{T} \leq 50$
- $0 \leq \mathbf{B} \leq 1000$
- $2 \leq i \leq \mathbf{T} - 1$
- $0 \leq t \leq 100000$
- $1 \leq x < y \leq \mathbf{T}$
- $0 \leq z \leq 100000$

## Examples

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Input

```
3 3
2 7
1 2 9
1 3 1
2 3 10
0 0
```

Output

```
8
```

Input

```
4 4
2 8
3 6
1 2 9
1 3 1
2 4 5
3 4 7
0 0
```

Output

```
6
```

## Notes

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For the first example, we should destroy the tower with ID:2 and the bridge between base1(tower ID:1) and base2(tower ID:3).