## Classification Problem

Time Limit: 2.0s **Memory Limit: 256M** 

You are given N parabolas opening to the bottom and Q queries with an x-axis (horizontal) coordinate each. Your mission, should you choose to accept it, is to answer each query by printing the (one-based) index of the parabola whose value is the highest at the corresponding x-axis coordinate.

It is guaranteed that each parabola will be unique and none of the guery points will be at the intersection of two parabolas whose values are the highest.

### Input

The first line contains two integers, N and Q.

The next N lines contains 2 integers  $b_i$  and  $c_i$  each, which correspond to the coefficients of parabolas in the form of  $y_i = -x^2 + b_i x + c_i$ .

The next Q lines contain one integer  $x_i$  each, which correspond to x-axis coordinates where the parabolas should be evaluated.

- $1 < N, Q < 10^5$
- $-10^9 \le b_i, c_i \le 10^9$   $-10^9 \le x_i \le 10^9$

#### **Output**

Print Q integers which correspond to the (one-based) index of the parabola that is the highest at the query point.

#### **Example**

Input 1:

2 3

-6 -4

3 5

- 4

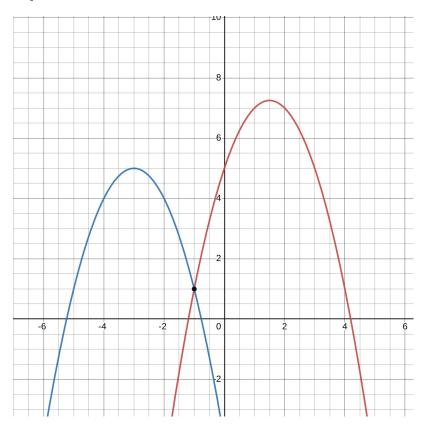
5 2

Output 1:

1 2 2

# **Explanation**

#### Input 1:



The blue parabola corresponds to parabola  $\boldsymbol{1}$  and the red parabola corresponds to parabola  $\boldsymbol{2}.$