Burak and Gizem are working on their physics project. They are given $n 2$-dimensional vectors that represent forces and they are required to find the maximum equivalent force possible using a subset of these forces.

Can you help them to find a subset of these vectors so that their sum is the greatest possible?

## Input

The first line contains a single integer $n$. The next $n$ lines contain 2 integers each $x_{i}$ and $y_{i}$, the coordinates of the $i^{\text {th }}$ vector.

- $1 \leq n \leq 2 \cdot 10^{5}$,
- $-10^{9} \leq x_{i}, y_{i} \leq 10^{9}$.


## Output

Print one integer, the squared length of the longest possible vector Burak and Gizem can create.

## Example

Input:

```
4
10
01
11
-1 -1
```


## Output:

## 8

Input:

## 7

10000000001000000000
10000000001000000000
10000000001000000000
10000000001000000000
10000000001000000000
10000000001000000000
100000000010000000000

## Output:

980000000000000000000

## Explanation

In the first sample, summing up the first three vectors gives vector 22 which squared length is 8 .

