# The String

#### Time Limit: 2.0s Memory Limit: 256M

Yiit is not good with problems involved with strings and there is a problem he's having difficulties with. There is a string consisting of upper case characters A and B in the problem. In a single turn, Yiit can remove the first and the last occurrences of any character, but only if they don't coincide. Can you help Yiit and find the lexicographically smallest non-empty string that can be obtained after any number of turns?

String s is considered lexicographically smaller than t if s is a prefix of t, or s has a smaller character at the first position, they differ (from left to right).

### Input

The only line contains the initial string s that Yiit have.

- $1 \le |s| \le 10^5$ ,
- s consists only of characters  ${\tt A}$  and  ${\tt B}$ .

# **Output**

Print the answer to the problem.

# **Example**

Input:

BBABBAB

Output:

ABA

### **Explanation**

Yiit can two times remove the first and the last occurrences of character B to get the string ABA. This is the lexicographically smallest possible result they can achieve.